

# **Detail Project Report For**

## **Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animal (S P C A)**

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**Registered Office of Society:**

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**Patna, Bihar-800010**

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## **1. Introduction**

Animals are living beings that feel pain, hunger, and affection just like humans. The Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animal is committed to preventing from suffering, neglect, and abuse caused by human actions in the state of **Bihar and Odisha**. Established as a registered non-governmental organization under the Societies Registration Act, the Society seeks to address all animals must have to treat with kindness, provided proper food, shelter, and medical care, and not subjected to unnecessary pain or hardship. This comprehensive project report initiative with budget of Rs.500 Crore. designed to safeguards animal welfare. By partnerships with government bodies, CSR contributors, and international agencies, this project aims to protect animals from suffering and promote their welfare.

## **2. Organizational Profile**

The Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animal is a registered non-government organization dedicated to protect animals from suffering and promote their welfare. Below are the key details of the organization:

- **Name of Entity** : Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animal (SPCA)
- **Type** : Registered Non-Governmental Organization under the Societies Registration Act
- **Registered Office** : Signature Tower, Office No-27, Kurji, Patna,Bihar-800010
- **PAN**: ABCAS0397L
- **Income Tax Registration (12A)**: ABCAS0397LF20214
- **Income Tax Registration (80G)**: ABCAS0397LF20214
- **Banking Details:**
  - ✓ **Account Name**: Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animal (SPCA)
  - ✓ **Account Number**: 550320110000273
  - ✓ **Bank Name**: Bank of India
  - ✓ **IFSC Code**: BKID0005503

The Society operates with a commitment to transparency, maintaining audited financial records and adhering to all statutory regulations applicable to NGOs in India.



### **3. Background of the Entity**

The SPCA undertakes various activities such as rescue and rehabilitation of animals, operation of shelters and hospitals, awareness campaigns, and monitoring of animal transport and slaughter practices. It plays a crucial role in implementing animal protection laws and fostering a culture of compassion towards animals in society.

The Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animal was founded to address these challenges through culturally sensitive and community-driven interventions. By collaborating with local stakeholders, community-based organizations, and government agencies, the society has been working preserving the cultural and environmental integrity of tribal regions. Registered under the Societies Registration Act and holding tax exemptions under Sections 12A and 80G of the Income Tax Act, 1961, the Society is well-positioned to mobilize resources and implement impactful projects. Its financial transparency is ensured through regular audits by qualified Chartered Accountants.

### **4. Mission Statement**

The mission of the Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animal:

“To prevent the infliction of unnecessary pain or suffering on animals, to ensure their human treatment, to promote compassion and respect for all living beings, and to enforce laws that safeguard animal welfare through education, awareness, rescue, and rehabilitation.”

This mission emphasizes to protect animals from suffering and promote their welfare through compassion, care, and legal protection.

### **5. Vision Statement**

“To build a society where every animal is protected from cruelty and neglect, enjoys humane treatment, and where humans coexist responsibly with animals, fostering compassion, empathy, and respect for all living beings.”

#### **Key Elements of the Vision:**

- **Elimination of Cruelty:** A future where no animal suffers due to human actions or neglect.



- **Promotion of Welfare:** Ensuring animals have access to shelter, food, medical care, and protection.
- **Compassionate Society:** Creating awareness so people respect animals and treat them ethically.
- **Legal Enforcement:** Strengthening the implementation of animal welfare laws across all regions.
- **Sustainable Human–Animal Coexistence:** Promoting responsible ownership and humane practices in communities.

This vision complements the mission statement, focusing on the long-term goal of a cruelty-free world for animals.

## 6. Executive Summary

This ambitious of the project, with a total budget of 500.00 Crore, PCA focus on law enforcement, animal care, rescue, public education, monitoring, collaboration, and research.

### Components of Prevention of Cruelty to Animals (PCA)

The Prevention of Cruelty to Animals program or framework typically consists of several components aimed at protecting animals from abuse, promoting their welfare, and ensuring humane treatment. These components work together to create a legal, social, and ethical environment for animal care.

#### 1. Legal Framework

- **Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, 1960 (India):** Provides laws against torture, neglect, and abuse of animals.
- **State-level laws:** Complement the central law (e.g., Odisha Prevention of Cow Slaughter Act).
- **Penalties & Enforcement:** Fines, imprisonment, and legal action for offenders.

#### 2. Animal Welfare & Protection

- Ensuring adequate food, shelter, and medical care for animals.
- Establishing animal shelters, veterinary care centers, and goshallas (cow shelters).
- Special care for stray, abandoned, or injured animals.

#### 3. Rescue and Rehabilitation



- Rescue operations for abused, abandoned, or injured animals.
- Rehabilitation programs including medical treatment, adoption, or release into safe environments.

#### **4. Public Awareness and Education**

- Conducting awareness campaigns about animal rights and humane treatment.
- Promoting responsible pet ownership and prevention of animal neglect.
- Educational programs in schools, colleges, and communities.

#### **5. Inspection and Monitoring**

- Monitoring livestock, pet care, circuses, and zoos for adherence to welfare norms.
- Regular inspection by authorities or animal welfare boards.
- Reporting and addressing cases of cruelty promptly.

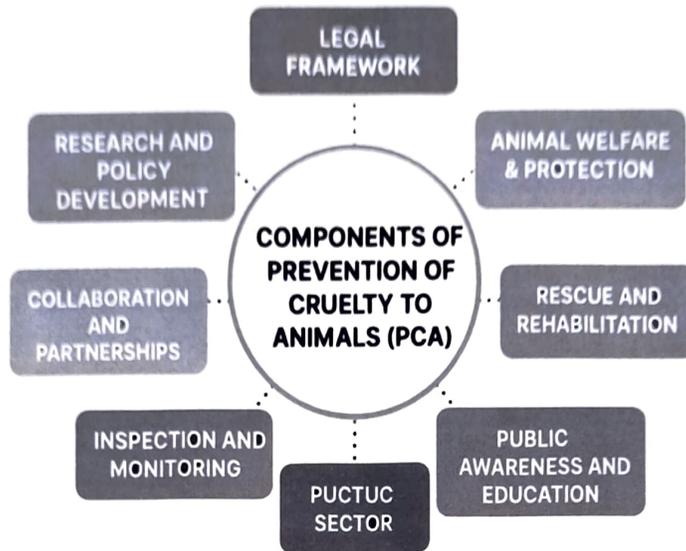
#### **6. Collaboration and Partnerships**

- Working with NGOs, community groups, and government bodies to implement welfare measures.
- Promoting volunteerism and citizen involvement in animal protection activities.

#### **7. Research and Policy Development**

- Conducting studies on animal behavior, welfare needs, and cruelty prevention strategies.
- Formulating policies and guidelines for humane treatment and long-term animal protection.





## 7. Objectives of Prevention of Cruelty to Animals (PCA)

### 1. Preventing Animal Suffering

- To prevent unnecessary pain, suffering, and cruelty inflicted on animals by humans.
- This includes physical abuse, neglect, overworking, or abandoning animals.

### 2. Promoting Humane Treatment

- To encourage kind and compassionate treatment of animals in households, farms, laboratories, and public spaces.
- Ensures that animals' basic needs like food, water, shelter, and medical care are met.

### 3. Regulating Activities Involving Animals

- To regulate practices that could harm animals, such as experiments, transportation, or entertainment.
- Ensures legal accountability for acts of cruelty.

### 4. Awareness and Education



- To educate the public about animal welfare and the moral responsibility humans have toward animals.
- Promotes ethical and sustainable interaction with animals.

## **5. Conservation and Welfare**

- To protect endangered species and preserve biodiversity.
- Ensures welfare standards for working animals, stray animals, and pets.

## **8. Legal and Financial Compliance**

The Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animal adheres to all statutory norms applicable to NGOs in India. Key compliance measures include:

- Conducting all financial transactions through the designated bank account at the Bank of India, Rairangpur Branch.
- Maintaining accounts in accordance with standard accounting practices, with annual audit conducted by qualified Chartered Accountants.
- Holding tax exemptions under Sections 12A and 80G, enabling tax benefits for donors.
- Eligibility to receive funds from Indian and foreign sources, subject to compliance with the Foreign Contribution (Regulation) Act (FCRA) in future phases.

## **9. Appeal to Stakeholders**

We extend a heartfelt invitation to government bodies, CSR partners, philanthropic foundations, and multilateral funding agencies to join us in this transformative mission.

We appeal to your esteemed organization to support our mission by:

- **Promoting Humane Practices** – Encouraging ethical treatment of animals in homes, farms, workplaces, and public spaces.
- **Supporting Legal Enforcement** – Assisting in the implementation of laws against cruelty and ensuring accountability for offenders.
- **Raising Awareness** – Conducting workshops, campaigns, and educational programs to spread knowledge about animal welfare.
- **Providing Resources** – Offering financial or material support to shelters, veterinary care, and rescue operations for animals in distress.
- **Collaborating for Conservation** – Partnering in efforts to protect endangered species and promote biodiversity.



## **10. Project Components and Activities**

### **10.1 Animal Welfare and Board Function:**

The Board supervises laws related to animal cruelty and advises the government on legal amendments, animal transportation, containment, and use of performing animals. It undertakes initiatives to improve animal conditions, such as advocating for construction of shelters, providing veterinary care, and designing humane slaughterhouses.

### **10.2 Grants and Support to Welfare Organizations:**

The Board provides financial assistance to animal welfare organizations, shelters (pinjrapoles), rescue homes, sanctuaries, and animal hospitals for care and protection of animals.

### **10.3 Monitoring and Enforcement:**

Activities include inspection, registration, and regulation of performing animals, investigating cases of cruelty, and taking appropriate legal action against offenders. The police and courts have powers to seize animals being subjected to cruelty and enforce penalties.

### **10.4 Treatment and Care of Animals:**

The Act authorizes the appointment of infirmaries for treating animals that have suffered cruelty. Magistrates can direct that animals be cared for or humanely destroyed when recovery is impossible. Owners may be liable for associated costs.

### **10.5 Public Awareness and Education:**

The Board conducts and promotes education programs to create awareness about humane treatment and animal rights. This includes distributing literature, conducting lectures, and media campaigns to generate public opinion against cruelty.

### **10.6 Regulation of Performances and Exhibitions:**

Specific provisions regulate the training, exhibition, and performance of animals, including exemptions for bona fide military and police purposes, with penalties for violations under the Act.



**Additional Activity:-**

- Encouraging improved vehicle design for draught animals to reduce burden.
- Advising government/local authorities on the humane design and operation of slaughterhouses.
- Coordinating with organizations to prevent unnecessary pain or suffering to animals.

**11. Budget Breakdown**

The total project cost of 500.00 Crore is allocated across key components to ensure comprehensive development:

Sl. No.	Particulars	Description / Purpose	Estimated Cost (In Crore)
1	Land & Site Development	Purchase or lease of land, fencing, boundary wall, gate, leveling, and landscaping for shelter premises.	300.00
2	Animal Shelter Construction	Construction of animal care sheds kennels, catteries, quarantine zones, and storage rooms.	120.00
3	Office Building / Administrative Block	Office space for staff, record keeping, training, and awareness activities.	20.00
4	Animal Clinic & Treatment Unit	Setting up a small veterinary clinic with examination tables, treatment area, and recovery rooms.	10.00
5	Veterinary Equipment & Instruments	Surgical instruments, diagnostic tools, X-ray machine, sterilization unit, cages, and grooming kits.	10.00
6	Animal Rescue Vehicle (Ambulance)	Purchase and modification of vehicle for animal transport and rescue operations.	10.00
7	Water Supply & Sanitation Facilities	Installation of water tanks, pipelines, and drainage system for hygiene maintenance.	10.00
8	Power Backup & Solar Unit	Generator set / solar panels for uninterrupted power supply to shelter and clinic.	5.00
9	Furniture & Office Equipment	Tables, chairs, computers, printer, and basic office setup.	5.00
10	Awareness & Training Infrastructure	Audio-visual setup, training hall, and educational material for campaigns.	10.00
<b>Total Estimated Cost</b>			<b>500.00</b>



## 12. Funding Sources

The project will be funded through a combination of:

- **Government Grants:** Include MoEFCC and DDMA.
- **CSR Contributions:** From public and private sector undertakings.
- **International Aid Agencies:** Focus Animal rescue, cruelty prevention, disaster relief, wildlife protection.
- **Community Contributions :** Including monetary and in-kind support (Land, labour, Material).

Detailed funding plans will be refined during micro-level planning and DPR preparation.

## 13. Impact Analysis

The project is expected to deliver transformative impacts across multiple dimensions:

### 13.1 Social Impact:

- **Enhanced Public Awareness:** People are becoming more aware of animal rights, welfare standards, and the moral responsibility of humans toward animals.
- **Behavioral Change:** There is a noticeable shift from using animals for entertainment (circuses, fights, etc.) to adopting humane alternatives.
- **Education and Sensitization:** Schools, NGOs, and media campaigns have educated communities about kindness, reducing instances of animal cruelty.
- **Improved Human-Animal Relationship:** Respect and empathy toward animals contribute to more.

### 13.2 Environmental Impact:

- **Biodiversity Conservation:** Protecting animals from harm helps maintain ecological balance and supports wildlife conservation.
- **Reduction in Illegal Trade:** Strict action against poaching, smuggling, and illegal animal trade curbs biodiversity loss.
- **Sustainable Practices:** Promoting cruelty-free farming and eco-friendly industries reduces environmental degradation caused by unethical animal exploitation.

### 13.3 Economic Impact:

- **Growth of Ethical Industries:** Rise in cruelty-free products (cosmetics, textiles, etc.) has created new markets and job opportunities.



- **Reduced Loss in Livestock:** Better animal care and veterinary attention reduce mortality and improve productivity in the livestock sector.
- **Tourism Benefits:** Wildlife sanctuaries and ethical zoos attract tourists, generating revenue for conservation and local communities.

#### **13.4. Legal and Institutional Impact:**

- **Strengthened Legal Framework:** Laws such as the *Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, 1960* and related rules have been reinforced, promoting accountability.
- **Institutional Support:** Establishment of SPCAs, Animal Welfare Boards, and NGOs has improved implementation and monitoring of animal welfare measures.
- **Enforcement and Penalties:** Increased vigilance and penalties act as deterrents against animal cruelty.

### **14. Conclusion**

The Society for Prevention of Cruelty project plays a vital role in protecting and promoting the welfare of animals in the state of **Bihar and Odisha**. Through strong laws, awareness programs, and the efforts of organizations such as the **Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals (SPCA)**, significant progress has been made in reducing animal abuse and improving welfare standards. We invite all stakeholders to join us in this transformative journey to ensure that no community is left behind.

